

たしざんを なぞりましょう。

6 + 3 = 9

This panel shows a math problem using candies. On the left, there are 6 blue candies and 3 pink candies. In the middle, the equation 6 + 3 = 9 is written with dashed numbers for tracing. Each number has a red dot for the starting point and arrows indicating the stroke direction. The number 6 starts at the top and curves around. The number 3 starts at the top and curves around. The number 9 starts at the top and curves around. On the right, there are 9 candies: 6 blue and 3 pink.

5 + 2 = 7

This panel shows a math problem using candies. On the left, there are 5 blue candies and 2 pink candies. In the middle, the equation 5 + 2 = 7 is written with dashed numbers for tracing. Each number has a red dot for the starting point and arrows indicating the stroke direction. The number 5 starts at the top and curves around. The number 2 starts at the top and curves around. The number 7 starts at the top and curves around. On the right, there are 7 candies: 5 blue and 2 pink.

2 + 7 = 9

This panel shows a math problem using candies. On the left, there are 2 blue candies and 7 pink candies. In the middle, the equation 2 + 7 = 9 is written with dashed numbers for tracing. Each number has a red dot for the starting point and arrows indicating the stroke direction. The number 2 starts at the top and curves around. The number 7 starts at the top and curves around. The number 9 starts at the top and curves around. On the right, there are 9 candies: 2 blue and 7 pink.

4 + 4 = 8

This panel shows a math problem using candies. On the left, there are 4 blue candies and 4 pink candies. In the middle, the equation 4 + 4 = 8 is written with dashed numbers for tracing. Each number has a red dot for the starting point and arrows indicating the stroke direction. The number 4 starts at the top and curves around. The number 8 starts at the top and curves around. On the right, there are 8 candies: 4 blue and 4 pink.