

たしざんを なぞって こたえをかきましょう。

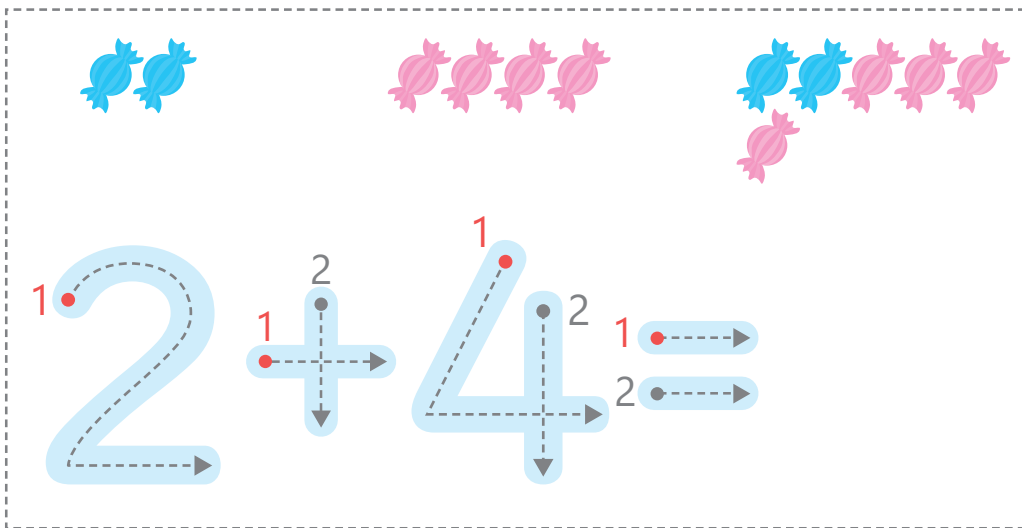


Illustration showing 2 blue candies, 4 pink candies, and a total of 6 candies (2 blue + 4 pink). Below the candies is a math problem: $2 + 4 =$. The number 2 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and curving down to the right. The number 4 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and going up, then down, then across to the right. The equals sign is followed by two horizontal lines for the answer, with a red dot (1) and a black dot (2) on each line.

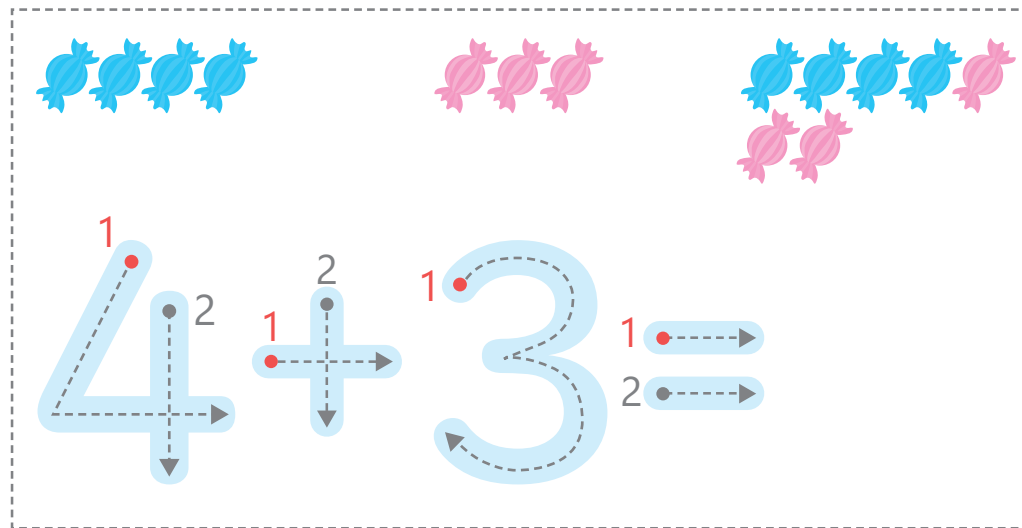


Illustration showing 4 blue candies, 2 pink candies, and a total of 6 candies (4 blue + 2 pink). Below the candies is a math problem: $4 + 2 =$. The number 4 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and going up, then down, then across to the right. The number 2 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and going across to the right, then curving down to the left. The equals sign is followed by two horizontal lines for the answer, with a red dot (1) and a black dot (2) on each line.

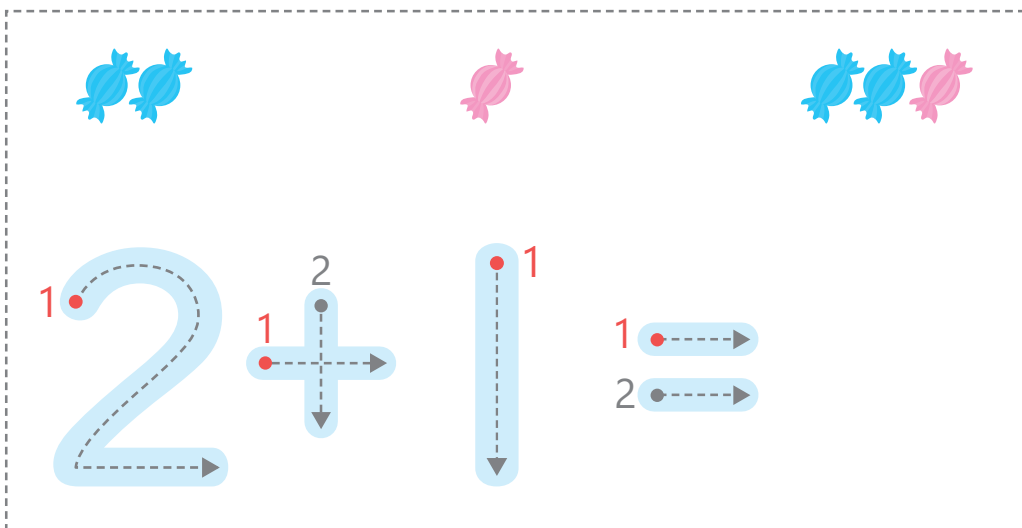


Illustration showing 2 blue candies, 1 pink candy, and a total of 3 candies (2 blue + 1 pink). Below the candies is a math problem: $2 + 1 =$. The number 2 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and curving down to the right. The number 1 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and going straight down. The equals sign is followed by two horizontal lines for the answer, with a red dot (1) and a black dot (2) on each line.

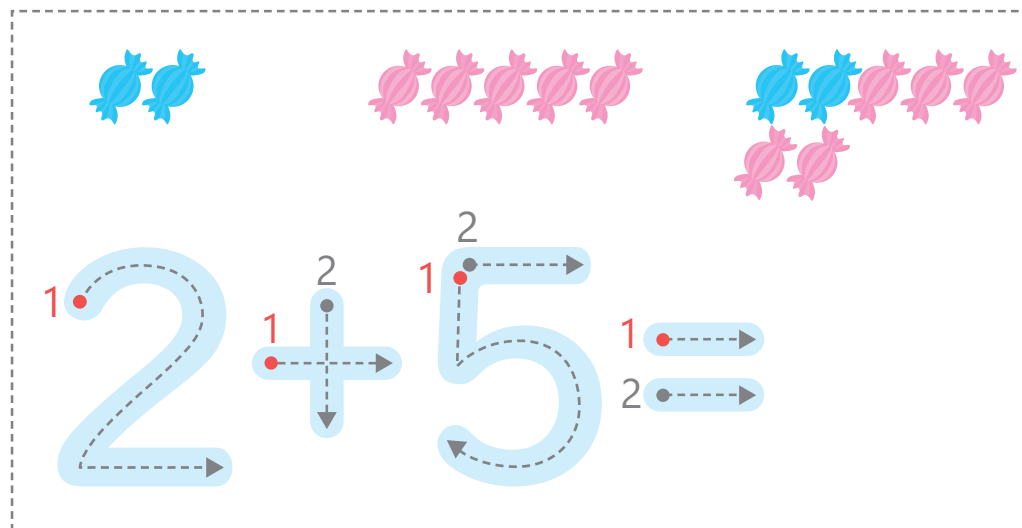


Illustration showing 2 blue candies, 4 pink candies, and a total of 6 candies (2 blue + 4 pink). Below the candies is a math problem: $2 + 4 =$. The number 2 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and curving down to the right. The number 4 is formed by a dashed line starting at a red dot (1) and going up, then down, then across to the right. The equals sign is followed by two horizontal lines for the answer, with a red dot (1) and a black dot (2) on each line.